Village Visit presentation
Village: Srinivas Saradgi
District: Gulbarga
State: Karnataka
Group Members:
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Amit
Ram
Vivek
Ajit
Introduction to the Village

- Village: Srinivas Saradgi
- Block: Gulbarga
- District: Gulbarga
- State: Karnataka
- Total geographical area: 14,416.05 acre
- Total population: 7543 (2011 census)
- Total families: 1150
- It is the largest village in Gulbarga district
- Located 16 kms away from Gulbarga city
- Topography: Undulating
- Vegetation type: Xerophytic
- Rainfall: approx 40 to 50 cms
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YEAR</th>
<th>MAJOR EVENTS OF DEVELOPMENT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1000 Years back</td>
<td>Establishment of the village</td>
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<tr>
<td>1945</td>
<td>Formation of Panchayat and water facilities</td>
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<tr>
<td>1949</td>
<td>First school in the village</td>
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<td>1962</td>
<td>Electrification of the village</td>
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<tr>
<td>1972</td>
<td>Occurrence of severe drought</td>
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<td>1982</td>
<td>Establishment of post office in the village</td>
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<td>1983</td>
<td>Hospital and bus service to the village</td>
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<td>1985-87</td>
<td>Development of diary farm</td>
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<td>1988</td>
<td>First television in the village</td>
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<td>1990</td>
<td>Bank established in the village</td>
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<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>Telephone</td>
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<td>2007</td>
<td>Pucca road</td>
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<td>2008</td>
<td>Computer in the village</td>
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<td>2009-10</td>
<td>Establishment of private moneylender</td>
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</table>
Socio-economic structure of the Village

Caste wise distribution %

Employment Pattern

- SC (Banjara): 60%
- Muslims: 15%
- ST: 1%
- Others: 24%

- Agriculture: 60%
- Daily wage Labourer: 30%
- Shops: 4%
- Vehicle drivers: 5%
- Govt. Employee: 1%
TRANSACT WALK MAP

VILLAGE: SRINIVAS SARADGI
DISTRICT: GULBARGA

LEGENDS:
V - Veterinary
PS - Fair Price Shop
NB - Punctar National Bank
P - Panchayat Office
L - Library
PS - Petroleum, Fancy Store
A - Aanganwadi
S - Petty Shops
IN - Manty Underli
RC - Municipal Shop

SUB GROUP 2

CONCRETE ROAD

TEMPLE

PRIMARY SCHOOL

ZINMP

SHOPS

Wells

SHOPS

INCOME

RICH

Semi-Rich

Poomparee

Temple Community Wall

GATE MARKET

ZINMP

Temple

PLANT

Temple

PLANT
AGRICULTURE MAPPING

MAP: AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY MAP
VILLAGE: SRINIVAS SARADGI
DISTRICT: GULBARGA SUB-GROUP: 2

ARHAR FIELD

SUNFLOWER FIELD

BANANA PLANTATION

JOWAR FIELD

ARHAR FIELD

TEAK PLANTATIONS

LEMON ORCHARD

PANCHAYAT

AIRPORT
Drinking water:
- Acute shortage of drinking water
- Borewells are the main source of water

Electricity:
- 16-18 hours of electricity supply
- Loadshedding from 6 a.m to 12.00 noon
Roads:
- Concrete road connecting the village to Gulbarga city
- Lack of concrete road connectivity within the village and schools

Drainage:
- Arterial drains in the village
- No drain connection from house
- Water accumulation on roads
- Lack of cooperation from community
• Bank
• Post office
• Fair price shop
• Village library
• Diary farm
• Veterinary clinic
Unemployment
Sanitation
Drainage
Drinking water
Irrigation
Roads
Health
Street lights
Liquor
PDS

Problem pyramid of Srinivas Saradgi
Agriculture and Allied activities

- Agriculture is the most important occupation of the village
- About 60% of the employment generation of the village comes from agriculture
- Total cultivable area - 12799 acre
- Major crops grown are categorized as follow:
  - Cereals: Wheat, Maize, Jowar and Bajra
  - Pulses: Chickpea, Arhar, Mung
  - Oilseeds: Sunflower, Sesame
  - Vegetables: Brinjal, Tomato, Potato, Soybean, Chilli, bhindi, Onion and cucurbits
  - Fruits: mango, Banana, Guava, Anjir, Tamarind, papaya, Almond, Citrus
  - Plantation crops: sugarcane
- Tree species: Teak, Neem, Babul, Acacia, amla, peepul, Jamun, Shisham, Ber, Eucalyptus
1. Sunflower  
2. Redgram/Arhar  
3. Chickpea  
4. Sugarcane  
5. Bajra  
6. Anjir
About 50% of the agricultural area is under arhar cultivation followed by sunflower and coarse cereals

Irrigation - Irrigation through bore wells and dug wells

Soil type - Black and red soil, Rocky

Animal husbandry is practiced in village by majority of farmers
Major problems in Agriculture

- Rainfed agriculture
- Inadequate irrigation facilities
- Low productivity
- Lack of modern cultivation practices
- Low mechanization
- Use of traditional varieties
- Soil testing not done
- Lacks proper marketing and finance facilities for agriculture
- No agro-forestry system
- Lack of watershed development in village
- No extension service
Education

- Primary school – 603 students
- High school – 250 students
- Urdu school
- Highly motivated students
- Mid day meal scheme
- Distribution of free books, dress and cycles (Class VIII) to students
Salient Observations

• The high school had the highest pass percentage (85%) among all the govt. schools in the Taluk.
• Increase in enrolment
• Literacy rate- 67%, Male- 73% and Female-60%
• The number of school dropouts are declining
• Scholarship for SC/ST and minority students
• Improvements in road connectivity, compound wall, construction of more toilets is necessary
Poverty and Unemployment

**Govt. schemes:**
- MGNREGS
- IAY

**Issues:**
- Landlessness
- Less employment opportunities
- Failure of MGNREGS
- Lack of awareness
- Nonfunctioning of panchayat
Health and Sanitation

- One primary health centre (PHC)
- Hospital 16 km from the village
- Lack of sanitation
- 3 ASHA workers and 4 Anganwadi centres
- Timely immunization done by ANM
- No chronic disease outbreak
- Lack of drainage facilities
- No ambulance facility
- Institutional delivery has increased due to presence of PHC
Panchayati Raj Institutions

Last election in 2010
18 members including President & Vice President

Women President
Mrs. Jena Bai

Out of 18 members 11 are Males & 7 females
11 are SC and 2 are from Muslim Community

Last meeting was on 27 June, 2013

Gram Panchayat
Srinivas Saradgi
Functioning of Gram Sabha and Gram Panchayat

Inadequate Finance
Lack of awareness among Villagers
No capacity building for Office Bearers

Last meeting of Gram Sabha on 30\textsuperscript{th} October, 2013
Fought on identification of beneficiary for IAY

Far from the reach of Villagers
Government Schemes

- ICDS
- Indira Awas Yojana
- Sarv Siksha Abhiyan
- PDS
- Pension scheme
- Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan
- MGNREGA
- Backward Region grand fund
- Suvarna Gram Yojana
Lessons learnt....

- About rural life and peoples problem at the ground level
- Functioning of different government institutions at the grass root level
- Rural development programmes and their implementations
- Functioning of the panchayati raj system
- Gaps and problems in the implementation of govt. schemes and programs
- Impact of the govt. programmes on the lives of the people
- People’s perception towards government functionary and role of people in the governance system.
Agriculture
- Use of modern cultivation practices
- Development of watershed and agro-forestry prog.
- Cultivation of HYV, short duration crops and water efficient crops
- Availability of marketing, finance and credit facilities to farmers

Education
- Construction of Toilets and compound walls
- Connectivity to Schools
- Transport facilities accommodating school times
- Use of Computers in pedagogy
- Timely disbursements of scholarships

Panchayati Raj
- Awareness regarding Govt. Schemes
- Capacity building and visibility of Office Bearers
- Lack of consensus among Villagers
- Lack of Funds
- Social audit
Poverty & Unemployment

- Timely wage payment under MGNREGA
- Awareness regarding Govt. Schemes
- Counseling of educated unemployed Youths

Health & Sanitation

- Proper drainage facility
- Community Toilets
- Awareness regarding benefits of sanitation
- Lab Facility
“If one man produce one ideal village, he will have provided a pattern not only for the whole country, but perhaps for the whole world”.

-- Mahatma Gandhi

Thank you