





MULKANOOR VILLAGE VISIT



Erashree Gautam Mohita Saxena Ritu Singh Supriya Malik Sushma Yadav



VILLAGE PROFILE



- Name of the Village Panchayat- Mulkanoor
- Mandal- Bheemadevarpalle
- District- Warangal (Urban)
- State- Telangana
- Language spoken- Telugu, English, Hindi
- Total Geographical Area : 16.63 Sq. Kms.
- Nearest city: Warangal (24.2 KM)
- Highly recognized for:
 - Mulkanoor Cooperatives Rural Bank And Marketing Society Ltd.
 - Mulkanoor's Women Cooperative Dairy

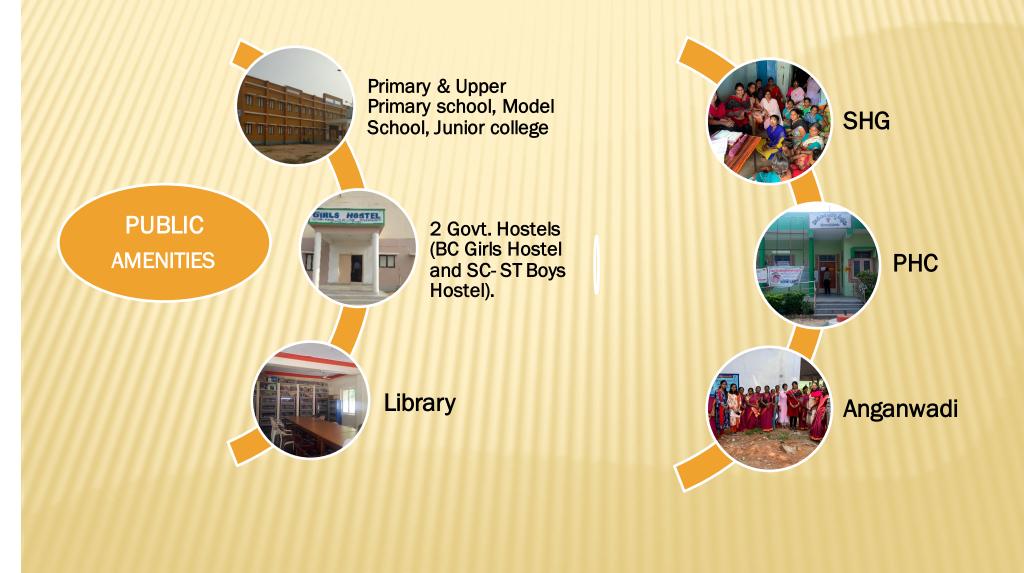




VILLAGE TIMELINE

EVENT	YEAR
Gram Panchayat	1952
School	1956
Mulkanoor Cooperative Rural Bank and Marketing Society Ltd.	1956
Tubewell	1960s
Electricity	1960s
Pucca Road	1970s
Water Supply	1970s
Landline	1970s
Anganwadi	1983
Mahila Sarpanch	2001-2006
Mulkanoor Women's Cooperative Dairy	2002
SHG	2002
CC Road	2006
ODF Status	2017

PUBLIC AMENITIES







PANCHAYATIRAJ INSTITUTIONS

I. GRAM PANCHAYAT(G.P):



STRUCTURE OF GP:

SARPANCH (Elected from Mulaknoor Village)

UP- SARPANCH (Elected by the Ward members) Current Sarpanch elected in February 2019

Meeting
Frequency:
Every 30
days

13 WARDS

II. GRAM SABHA (G.S):

COMPRISES:

- Sarpanch
- Up-Sarpanch
- Ward members
- MPDC (Mandal Parishad District Council)
- JPDC (Jila Parishad District Council)
- Chairman from the village
- Villagers

 Meeting frequency: every 2 months (earlier before CM's Action Plan it was 3 months)

III. NYAYA SYSTEM:



 NO formal dispute redressal body like Nyaya Panchayat exist.

A (5 members)

 2 conflicting parties

B (5 members)

Sarpanch: Hears views from both sides and decides.

COMMUNITY MOVEMENT

MAHILA / PURUSHA PARISHADS

MAHILA PARISHAD



- 4 Mahila / Purusha Parishads each
- Members contribute Rs.50 each every month and later can avail loans.
- Trust based organizations.
- Meeting frequency:
 - Each MP/PP meets every month
 - All 4 MP/PP meet once everyyear

PURUSH PARISHAD



SHGs (Mahila Sanghs)



□ STRUCTURE:

10-15 Members = 1 SHG 10 SHGs = 1 Village Organisation

Members

SHGs (282)

V.O(30)

LOAN TYPES UNDER SHGs:

1. Internal SHG loans among the members

2. Loans through Banks facilitated by SHGs

3. Loans under Shree NidhiBanks facilitated by SHGs4. Village Organisation Ioans

PURPOSE FOR WHICH LOANS ARE TAKEN:

- Dairy Business
- Daily family needs
- Opening of small business
- Chicken centers
- Tent houses

MONTHLY REPAYMENT OF LOANS

□ MEETINGS FREQUENCY:

2 meetings are held every month

- 1st meeting regarding loans and savings
- 2nd meeting for raising awareness about the SHGs

LOAN AMOUNT (successive progression in loan amount)

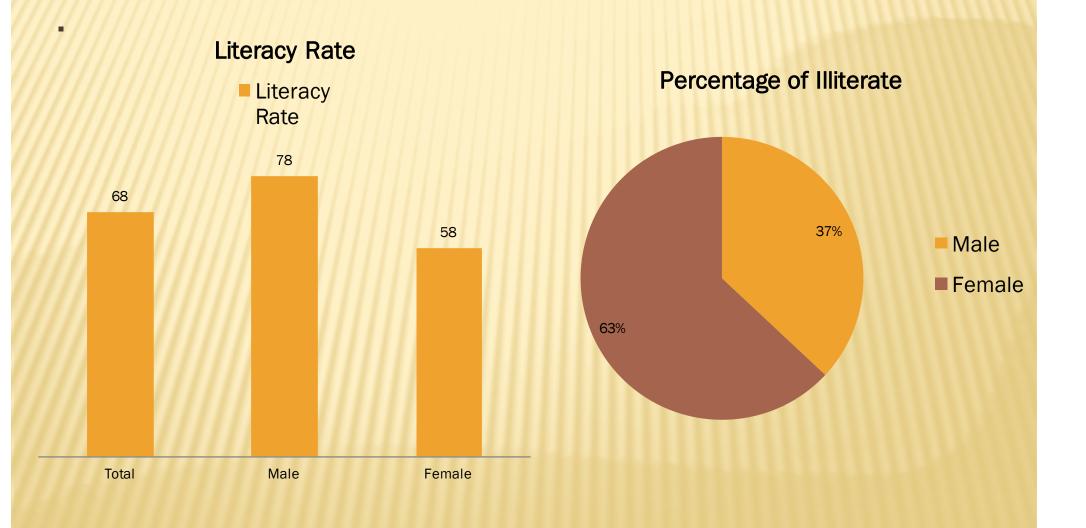
1st time -----> 1 lakh

3rd time ———> 5 lakhs

2nd time ———> 3 lakhs – @ 12- 12.5% interest rate per annum

EDUCATION

CURRENT SCENARIO



BASIC AMENITIES FOR EDUCATION

Government School

8 Primary School

- 6 Upper Primary School
- 2 Model School
- 2 Junior College

Other School/Colleges

- 4 Private Schools
- 2 Cooperative Colleges





Model School



×

Lack Of Proper Infrastructure

Dirty Washrooms

Insufficient No. Of Classrooms

No. of Teacher per student is very less Lack in Quality of education and teacher in govt. school

Non Availability of drinking water

Degree colleges Are far away

SUGGESTIONS

• Renovation of govt. school

- Build separate classrooms
- Build separate washrooms for girls and boys

Quality

- Timely conduct test in schools
- Check teachers quality
- Proper workers for cleaning in schools

- Initiation of degree college nearby
- Skill training and computer centre

Other

Infrastructure

ANGANWADI



✤ Angannwadi Centre-8

Assisted by 1 worker and 1 helper

Govt. provide 1Anganwadi Worker over1000 population











HEALTH

HEALTH

1 PHC

- 6 bed primary care hospital
- Serves around 10 gram panchayats

Staff

- 1 doctor (MBBS)
- 1 homeopathy doctor
- 1 staff nurse
- 1 health education officer
- 6 health assistants (post delivery care and sanitary awareness





Medicines are provided free of cost

Stock is renewed each month

100% institutional deliveries

- Normal deliveries- PHC
- Institutional deliveries-UPHC(warangal)

Ambulance

- For pregnant women-102
- For accidents -108
- For delivery of medicines to villages -104

INITIATIVES AND GOVERNMENT SCHEMES

Polio drive Jan – March (every year)

Leprosy and TB survey conducted recently

Ayushman Bharat

KCR kit scheme (Rs 14000 assistance to pregnant ladies)



- × Shortage of space in PHC
- Need for opening sub centre
- × 1 PHC for 10 villages, so over burdened.
- × Not operational 24x7
- × Shortage of staff.

DRINKING WATER AND SANITATION

DRINKING WATER AND SANITATION



Drinking water

- Mission bhagirath
- 6 big water tanks along with few mini water tanks



sanitation

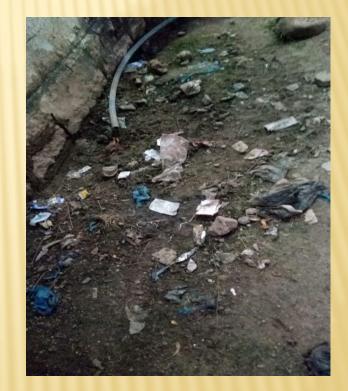
• Toilets in every house(SBM)

ISSUES OF SANITATION

Drainage problem

Waste management

Lack of usage of sanitary napkins



ISSUES OF DRINKING WATER

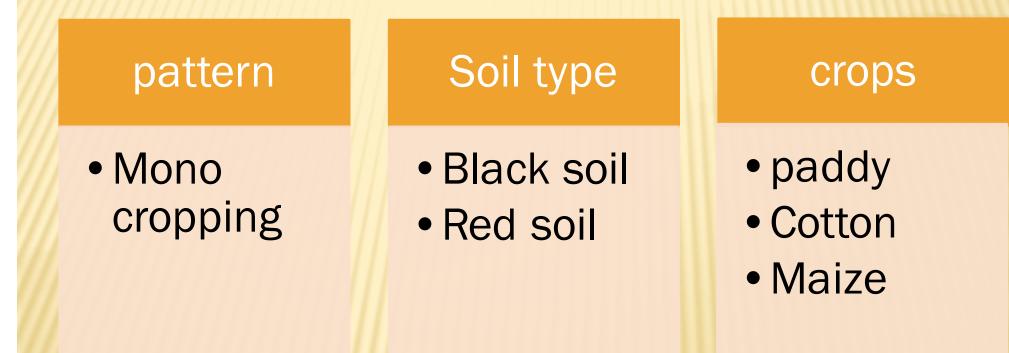
Water crisis during summer

No awareness about rain water harvesting

Depletion of ground water level.

AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURE



MAJOR CROPS AND FRUITS



IRRIGATION

If you ate today, thank a farmer.

Tube wells as main source.

If you ate today, thank a farmer. Presence of farm ponds to conserve rain water and use later.





KAKATIYA CANAL constructed under Devadala Lift Project which feeds water from Godavari River.



SCHEMES

RYTHU BANDHU SCHEME

- o The scheme is also known as Agriculture Investment Support Scheme.
- The scheme was established on May 10, 2018.
- The Govt. of Telangana is providing Rs4000 per acre per season to support the farmers' investment twice a year.
- The govt. has allocated Rs 12000 cr. per year for the scheme.

STATUS :

The scheme is being implemented in the Mulkanoor village.

- No. of farmers identified: 1080
- Extent of land identified: 2622.33 acres
- No. of Pass books to be issued : 1030
- No. of Cheques to be distributed : 1122
- Worth Rs. 1,04,91,340

Harita-haram Scheme

- Large scale tree plantation programme implemented by Telangana Government (Launched in july, 2016)
- Under this scheme 10000 trees are planted every year per village on government land.
- Every Households to be given- 6 plants (fruit trees).

Implementation Status in Village:

- 300 sweet oranges saplings have been planted
- 1000 teak trees have been planted out of which 750 have survived

Issue observed:

- Survival rate is low as very few people are employed to monitor the watering of plants
- At most sites ,rainwater is the only source of irrigation.



Rythu Bandhu

Harita Haram

SUCCESS STORY : ZBNF

PADALA GAUTAM

• Doing ZBNF from 2012

Attended 4 workshops by SURESH PALEKAR

• Has you tube video on ZBNF.



CROPS GROWN BY ZBNF

Paddy

Red gram

Papaya, mango plantation

• Earlier grew banana and ginger.







METHODOLOGY USED IN ZBNF

Use Drip Irrigation

Inoculants made from cow urine, water, jaggery is used as fertilizers.

Uses Bonsai Technique: regular trimming of plants is done. Also trees are planted near to each other

CONCERNS REGARDING ZBNF

Awareness regarding ZBNF should be increased.

Organic fertilizers should be prepared in factories so that efforts of farmers undertaking ZBNF is decreased.

Increase in MSP for organic crops also banks should act as institutions for providing loan for organic farming.

CM'S 30 DAY ACTION PLAN



CHIEF MINISTER'S INITIATIVE

- Ensured that after SWACHA BHARAT MISSION approx all houses have toilets.
- All the streets have street lights with LED lights to decrease the electricity consumption.
- 5 lakhs by Gram Panchayats and 10 lakhs by NREGA has been promised for the sheds for weekly market on Saturday.
- Every household has to plant 8 trees with every street having tree. Tree covers were also provided.
- Old and abandoned houses were demolished with due permission of owners to prevent any casualty with sudden falling of such vulnerable structure and breeding of snakes and insects.

POVERTY ERADICATION

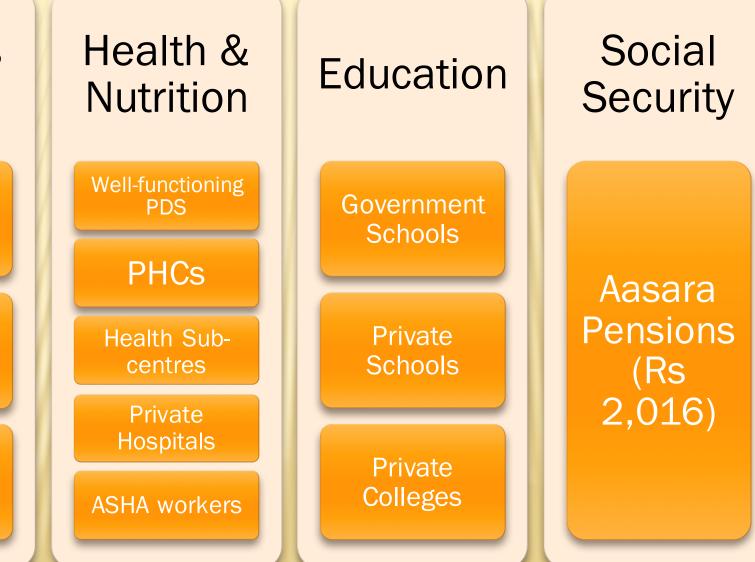
TACKLING MULTIDIMENSIONAL POVERTY

Incomes Sources

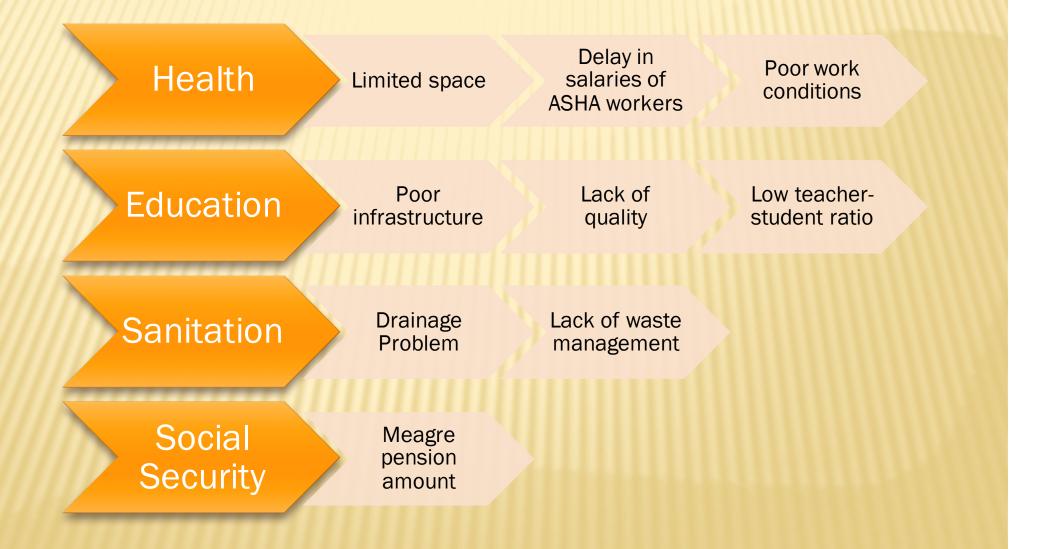
Government Jobs (largely)

Home-based small businesses

Eg. tailoring, beedi-making



ISSUES



SUCCESS STORIES

MULKANOOR COOPERATIVE RURAL BANK

Financial Inclusion



MULKANOOR COOPERATIVE RURAL BANK

- × Established in 1956, with 373 members
- × Registered under Hyderabad Cooperative Societies Act
- × Services Offered:
 - + Financial Services loans, savings
 - Input-Supply Services fertilisers, seeds, poultry feed, pump sets
 - + Agri-Produce Marketing Services purchase of produce
 - + Consumer Services food grains, cooking gas
 - × Welfare Services funeral expenses, health camps, scholarships

KEY STATS (2019)

Number of members	7207
Emloyees	138
Source of funds	Share capital, deposits, savings, borrowings, reserves
Use of Funds	Loans, investments, properties, cash
Turnover	Rs 318 crore

SOME OBSERVATIONS

- × Dominant part of the village
- × High foot-fall of villagers
- Professionally run with a well-organised management structure
- Equipped with latest equipments
- Purely community-driven based on the ideas of cooperation and aggregation
- Touching various aspects of life, not just financial inclusion

MULKANOOR WOMEN'S COOPERATIVE DAIRY



Mulkanoor Women's Cooperative Dairy

- Came into existence on August 17, 2002.
- Brainchild of Mulkanoor women who started exploring ways of investment which would benefit a large section of poor people.
- Mulkanoor Cooperative Rural Bank supported this dairy venture.
- Corporate Dairy Union under which there are 159 primary Women Corporate Dairies (WDCs) within 30 KMs of Mulkanoor.
- 22,025 members , comprising of rural Telangana women only.
- Also arranges supply of Cattle feed on subsidy to WDCs.
- Provides Primary health care of milch cattle at village level







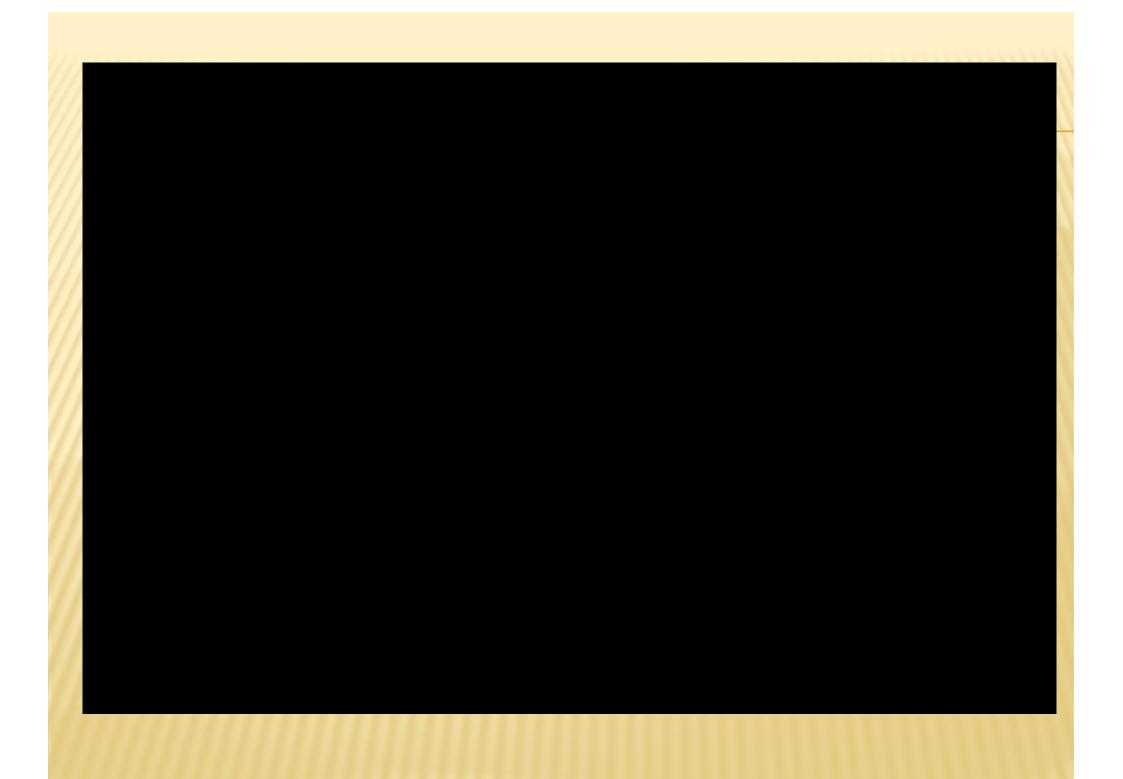




AWARDS







SWOT ANALYSIS

SWOT ANALYSIS..

Strengths

- 24x7 power supply
- Regular availability of tap water
- Pucca houses
- Well lit-up streets with LED lights
- High green cover
- Zero-Budget Natural Farming
- High level of financial inclusion

Poor sanitation; no treatment of sewerage and waste

Weaknesses

- Open drains
- Kuchha roads
- Only one PHC catering to 10 villages

SWOT ANALYSIS

Opportunities

- Rainwater harvesting
- Harnessing solar power
- Drip irrigation

Open drains leading to diseases like malaria and dengue

Threats

Depletion of ground water

THANK YOU