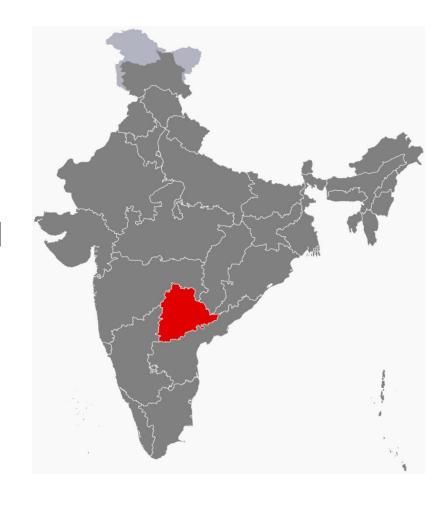


Scheduled Castes & Scheduled Tribes Special Development Fund Act 2017 (Telangana State)

IT'S JOURNEY AND IMPACT



About Telangana State

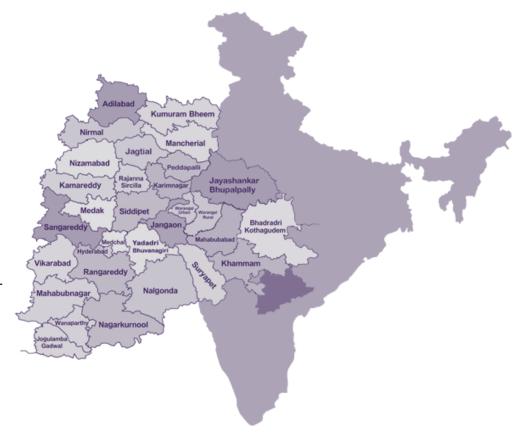
Telangana is one of the 29 states in India.

Formed on 2 June 2014 from the northwestern part of Andhra Pradesh, Telangana is the newest State of India.

Population of 35,193,978 (2011 census).

It is the 12th largest state in India, and the twelfthmost populated state in India.

Its major cities include **Hyderabad**, Warangal, Nizambad, Karimnagar & Khammam.



Dalits in Telangana

The total population of Telangana, as per the 2011 census is 35.1 million; of this 15.44 percent are Scheduled Castes (SCs).

The State of Telangana is having **54,08,800** SC population **(15.45%)** out of total population of **3,50,03,674** as per 2011 census.

17 % of SCs in rural areas live below poverty line and 41 % of SC in urban areas.

Literacy rate among SCs is 58.52%.

Why priority give to Dalits

- 1. The Scheduled Castes have been victims of socio-economic exploitation and deliberate discrimination.
- 2. Every person should get their share in the development
- Most importantly, these communities contributed their blood and sweat towards nation's development and wealth
 - a) Leather instruments for artisan communities
 - b) Tanks and lake construction and maintenance of irrigation to sustainable agriculture
 - c) They are forefront victims of tragedies and natural calamity
 - d) They maintained burial grounds
 - e) They were the primitive doctors
 - f) They were the best protectors of the clean and green

Why do we need a separate development fund act for SC/ST's?

The need for separate legislation was felt as funds allocated for SC, ST subplan were not utilized fully and efficiently.

Funds were used Necklace Road works and cleaning of Hussain Sagar.

As per the population, the government should allocate **16.23** % funds in the budget for SCs & **6.6** % for STs,



Constitutional Provisions

Article 46 of Indian constitution states:

- Promotion of educational and economic interests of scheduled castes, scheduled tribes and other weaker sections.
- The state shall promote with special care the educational and economic interests of the weaker sections of the people, and, in particular, of the scheduled castes and the scheduled tribes, and shall protect them from social injustice and all forms of exploitation.



Background: Special Component Plan for Scheduled Castes and Tribal Sub Plan for Scheduled Tribes

- The strategy of Tribal Sub Plan (TSP) has been since 1974
- Scheduled Castes Sub Plan (SCP) has been in since 1979-80
- The Scheduled Castes Sub Plan has been in force since 2006. The Prime Minister, in his address to the 51st Meeting of the National Development Council on 27.6.2005 had inter alia stated that:

Transition of Special component plan for

Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes to Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes Special Development funds

SCP in 1979-80

SCSP in 2006

SCSDF in 2017

Objectives

- Substantial reduction in poverty and un employment.
- Creation of Productive assets to sustain the growth Human resource development by providing adequate educational and health services

 Physical and financial security against all types of exploitation and oppression.

Components of SCSP & TSP

- Only the schemes that ensure direct benefits to individuals or families belonging to SCs or STs should be included.
- Outlay for area oriented schemes those directly benefiting the hamlets / villages having a majority of SC/ST population may be included.
- Wage component, especially under rural employment schemes, should not be included.
- Schemes to develop agriculture and allied activities like animal husbandry, dairy etc, that provide a source of livelihood to the SC and ST Population should be included.
- Innovative projects that draw upon institutional finance to supplement plan allocations may be drawn up.

Monitoring of SCSP & TSP

- State and District/Block level Monitoring Committees should be constituted.
- The Nodal department should ensure timely release of funds to the concerned departments and in turn to their field level implementing agencies.
- Non earmarking of funds under SCP and TSP may result in non-approval of plans of the States / UTs.
- Ministries of Social Justice & Empowerment and Tribal Affairs will be actively involved in the process of finalization of Annual Plans of the States / UTs.
- Evaluation to assess the impact of schemes implemented under SCP & TSP may be get conducted by the nodal department on regular basis.

Study by CDS on Budget-

Total **20049.6 Cr** have been diverted in 20 years

United A.P Experience

- The research work carrying out by the Centre For Dalit Studies on SCSP implementation in AP revealed that from the year 2007-08 onwards SCSP allocations crossed 14%, until that it never crossed 10%.
- The Government of Andhra Pradesh has passed so many GOs for the implementation of SCSP. Even after passing these GOs and holding meetings by the Nodal agency, the State did not show much impact on the development of the Scheduled Castes.
- According to the Social Welfare department of the State, for a period of 19 years the state has an unspent/ diverted amount of Rs. 16912.91 Crores.

Implementation Gaps Identified

- Certain departments not earmarking funds under SCSP from their regular budget.
- Certain depts. not in a position to spend the budget allocated under SCSP and thus, the budget getting lapsed;
- Non-adherence to the guidelines of Planning Commission by the Line Depts.;
- Non-submission of proposals by the Line Depts. to Finance Dept. in time for reappropriation of funds;
- Lack of co-ordination among Line Depts. Social Welfare Dept. and Finance Dept. regarding the implementation of schemes under SCSP.

Scheduled Castes & Scheduled Tribe Special Development (Planning, Allocation and Utilisation of Financial Resources) Fund Act 2017 Telangana State

Telangana State SCs and STs Special Development Fund (Planning, Allocation and Utilisation of Financial Resources) Bill 2017 passed by TS Assembly on 24th March 2017

Since the distinction between plan and non-plan expenditure has been changed to Revenue and Capital pattern from 2017 budget. The previous SCSP & TSP Act 2013 would no longer be useful in current scenario.



Preamble of the SCSDF and STSDF - 2017 ACT

A bill to ensure, accelerated development of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes with emphasis on achieving equality in the coming years focusing on economic, educational and human development along with ensuring their security and social empowerment and promoting equity among scheduled castes and the scheduled tribes, by earmarking a portion, in proportion to the population of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes in the state, of the total **PRAGATIPADDU** outlay of the state of Telangana as the scheduled castes special development fund / scheduled tribes special development fund of the state and ensuring effective institutional mechanisms for the implementation and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

Budget Allocations of 2017-18 in TS

14375.13 Cr for SC development in 43 departments

- 8165.87 Cr for Tribal development in 42 departments
- This allocation is more than the proportionate population of SCs and STs in the state

Major Differences of 2013 SCP ACT and 2017 SC/ST SDF Act

SCP & TSP ACT 2013	SC/ST Special Development Fund ACT 2017		
Emphasis on achieving equality in the next ten years focusing on economic, educational and human development along with ensuring the security and social dignity and promoting equity among SC & ST	The Ten year limit has been removed from the Act.		
There was no provision for compensation of unspent amount for the carry forward	If any amount of Special Development Fund remains unspent, it shall be compensated in the next financial year in the same proportion on the reach of actual expenditure to total budget estimate of Pragathipaddu at the end of a financial year in the manner prescribed.		
	There would be a strict Monitoring body to monitor the expenditure of the funds		
	All t he information related budget would be available online to maintain Transparency		

Schemes Promoted under SCSP/TSP in The State of Telangana are

- Distribution of 3 Acres of land to landless dalit women
- Kalyana Laxmi scheme for SC/ST brides
- Ambedkar Overseas Vidhya Nidhi (Sanction of Rs 20 lakhs to SC/ST students wishing to pursue higher education overseas);
- Free power to SC/ST households consuming less than 50 units per month
- Supply of fine rice to social and tribal welfare hostels and residential schools
- Allocation of large amount of funds for renovation of social welfare hostels and residential schools
- Cost of construction of community halls increased
- Construction of double bedroom houses for poor SC/ST households
- Increased allocation of funds for improving basic amenities in SC and ST colonies/habitations
- Under own your vehicle scheme several youth got four wheelers for their livelihoods.

Ambedkar Overseas Vidhya Nidhi

TS Ambedkar Overseas Vidya Nidhi Scheme/Financial Assistance for SC Students for Pursuing Higher Studies Abroad

G.O.22-Dt:10-06-2016

Scholarship Amount

Enhanced to Rs.20 Lakhs

Land Purchase Scheme - Distribution of 3 Acres of land to landless dalit women

- Total land distributed to dalit women in Telangana so far is approximately **11000 acres**
- No of beneficiaries are around 4200 families in Telangana
- One year farm input support will be extended to all the new farmers







Community Halls

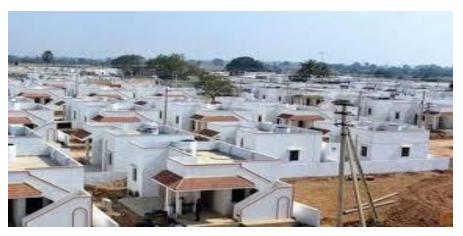






Double Bedroom Houses







Fine Rice Scheme

Telangana Prestigious Scheme Super Fine Rice Supply Scheme Sannabiyyam Supply Scheme To Welfare Hostels and MDM Programme





Kalyana Laxmi – Total Beneficiaries: 46644

Kalyana Laxmi scheme for SC/ST brides









Own Vehicle Scheme



Telangana Social Welfare Residential Educational Institutions Society









Details Of Residential Schools

S.No.	Types of Institutions	Boys	Girls	Co-Ed	Total
1	Independent Junior Colleges	1	1	0	2
2	Upgraded Schools upto Intermediate	38	79	0	117
3	Schools from Class V/VI upto X class	54	64	0	118
4	Center for Excellence	0	0	1	1
5	Degree Colleges for Women	0	30	0	30
	Total	93	174	1	268

Residential Institutions in Telangana

S.No.	Name of the	Institutions		Institutions		Takal
	Society	Boys	Girls	Total		
1	SC	93	175	268		
2.	ST	57	88	145		
3.	Minority	91	98	189		
4.	ВС	85	77	162		
5.	General (TREIS)	0	0	51		
				-		
	Total	219	268	815		

Students Strength

S.No.	Name of the Society	Old Institutions			New Institutions			
		Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Grand Total
1	SC	25917	53278	79195	6288	9934	16222	95417
2.	ST	11792	11088	22880	1891	3128	5019	27880
3.	Minority	0	0	0	6392	4886	11278	11278
4.	ВС	7256	1756	9012	1760	800	2560	11572
5.	General (TREIS)	9619	9062	18681	0	0	0	18651
	Total	54584	75184	129768	16331	18748	35079	164798

KALYANA LAKSHMI STATUS REPORT as on 20.02.2017									
	2014-15 LAST YEAR		<u>2015-16</u>		<u>2016-17</u>				
			CURRENT YEAR		CURRENT YEAR				
NO.OF	<u>sc</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>sc</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>sc</u>	<u>ST</u>	SC	63686	
APPLICATIONS RECIEVED	5492	2602	32420	19198	25774	16986	ST	38786	
SANCTIONED	<u>sc</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>sc</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>sc</u>	<u>ST</u>	SC	55913	
	5408	2526	30620	18127	19885	11900	ST	32553	
ACTUALLY PAID	<u>sc</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>sc</u>	<u>ST</u>	<u>sc</u>	<u>ST</u>	sc	54533	
	5159	2472	30614	17736	18760	10871	ST	31079	

Impact of SC/ST Sub-plan After the formation of Telangana State

- During 2014-15 financial years, an amount of Rs 7579.45 crores was allocated under the SCSP respectively which is the substantial increase compared to the united Andhra Pradesh budget allocation under SCP.
- The major impact was on Telangana Social Welfare Residential Educational Institutions Society.
- The Residential schools functioning before 2014 June are 134(combined AP) and currently in the year 2017 there are 238 schools in Telangana State.

Cont..

- Has paid 46644 beneficiaries under Kalyana Lakshmi Scheme.
- Social welfare department has been renamed as Scheduled Caste Development department which is a significant decision by the government.
- Rs. 1000 crore were allocated for land purchase scheme for landless SC families during the year 2014-15.
- Sanction of Rs 20 lakhs to SC/ST students under Ambedkar Overseas Vidhya Nidhi for higher studies in abroad
- Thirty (30) degree colleges for Girls exclusively in fully residential pattern



Thank You

Mallepalli Laxmaiah
ChairPerson, Centre for Dalit Studies(CDS)

