

# VILLAGE - PULIPALPULA

Mandal -Munugode

District - Nalgonda

## **Group 39**

Deepak Sharma (M17)

Abhimanyu (D13)

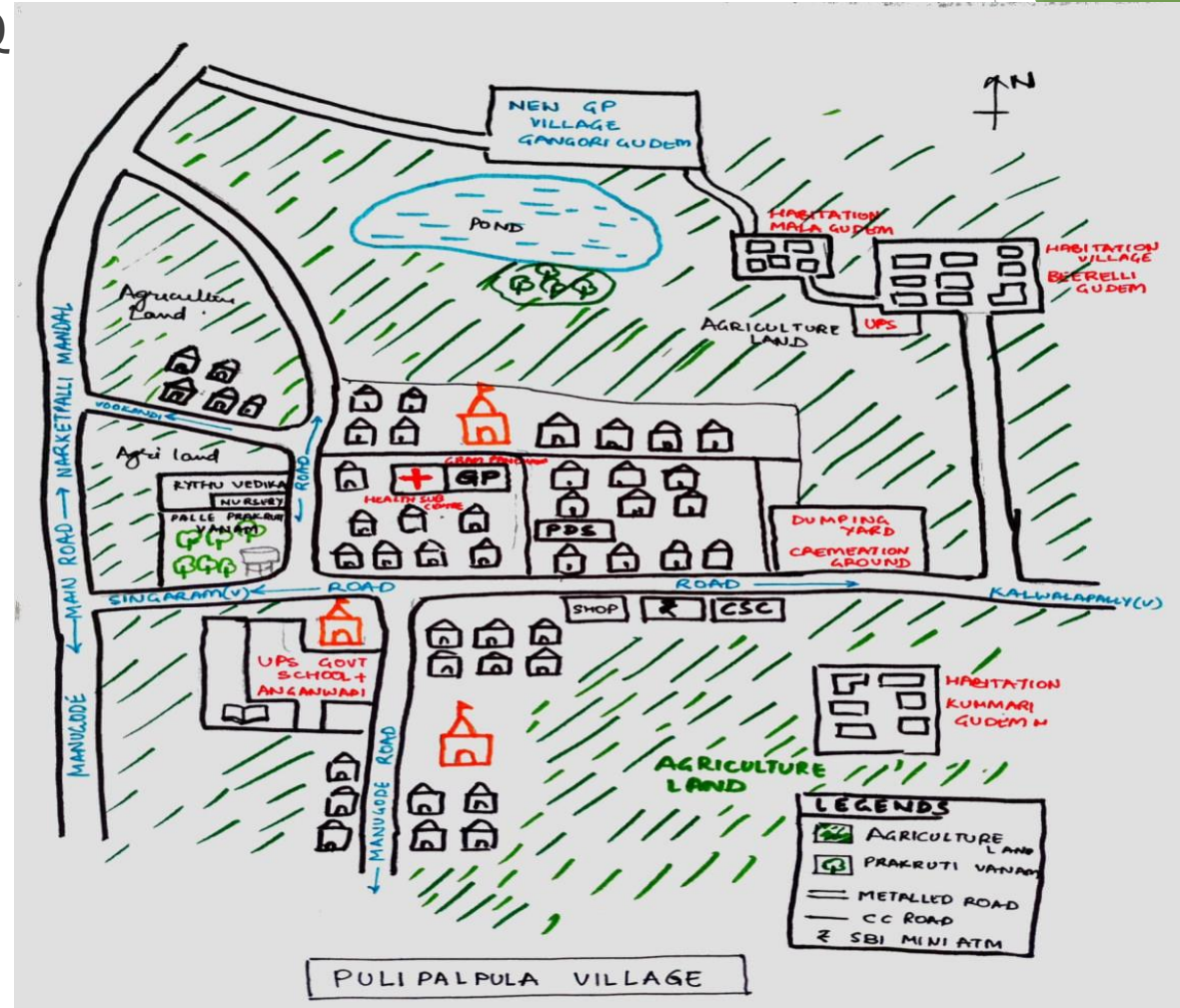
Rahul Mandiwal (B06)

Rajat Chaturvedi (C33)

Amit Ranjan (C34)

# ABOUT THE VILLAGE

- ▶ 20 KM towards west from District HQ
- ▶ 642 HH with population of 2745
- ▶ 3 Habitation
  - Kummari Gudem
  - Beerali Gudem
  - Malla Gudem
- ▶ Sex ratio - 889
- ▶ Literacy Rate - 58.86 %
- ▶ Geographical Area- 3381 Acre
- ▶ Major crop : Cotton & Paddy

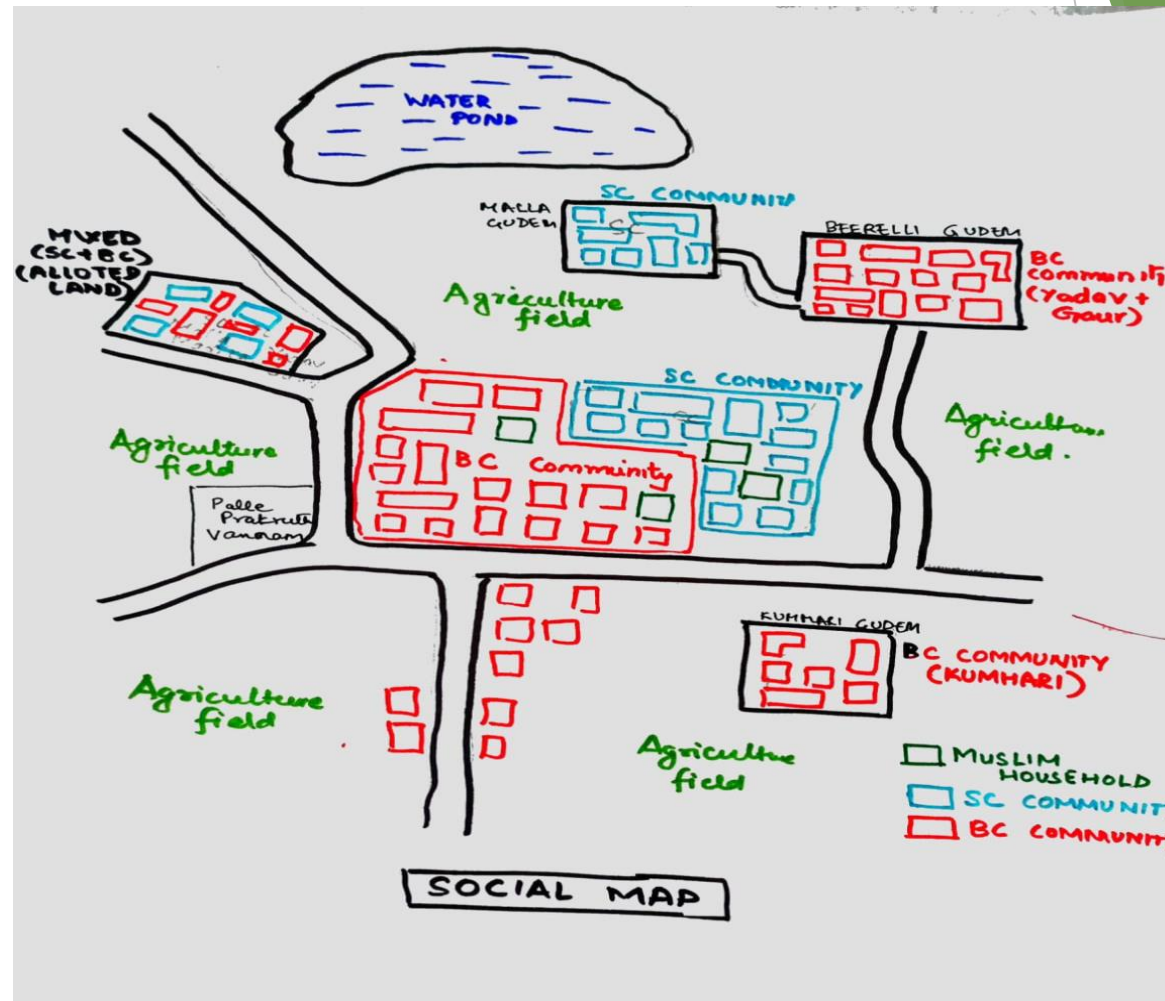


# TIMELINE

YEAR	EVENT
1954	1 <sup>ST</sup> PANCHAYAT ELECTION
1963	PLAGUE OUTBREAK
1960	PRIMARY SCHOOL
1975	ELECTRICITY
1983	1 <sup>ST</sup> PERSON GRADUATED FROM VILLAGE (WOMEN)
1989	TELEVISION
1995	PAKKA ROAD
1998	MOBILE NETWORK
2000	POULTRY FARM
2001	HEALTH SUB CENTRE
2004	AANGANWADI CENTRE
2005	PIPED WATER SUPPLY SCHEME
2014	MISSION BHAGIRATHI
2017	FISH POND
2019	PALLE PRAKRITI VANAM: VILLAGE FOREST 1 ACRE
2020	1 <sup>ST</sup> COVID CASE OF NALGONDA DISTRICT IN THIS VILLAGE
2021	RYTHU VEDIKA CENTRE

# STRUCTURE OF RESIDENCE

- BC, SC & Muslim Household
- Mixed class-wise composition of residence
- Hardly any segregation of rich, middle-income and poor HH
- Religious harmony
- Agrarian economy

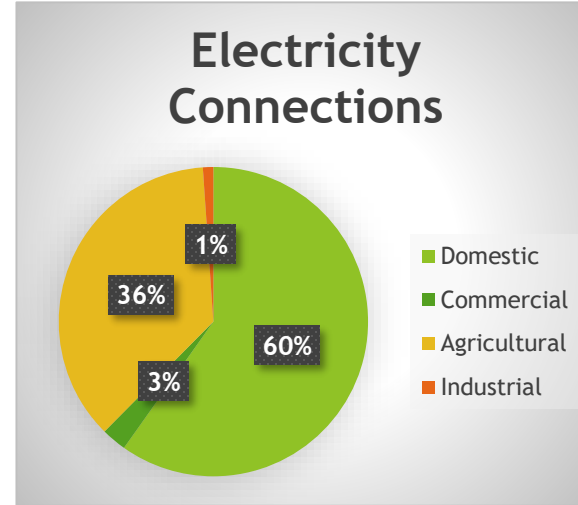


# INFRASTRUCTURE

- Good Road connectivity to HQs
- Internal Roads are CC roads
- 5 Overhead water tank- Mission Bhagiratha
- Household Tap Connection
- 100% Electrified Village
- Rythu Vedika Building
- Proper Street Lights
- Almost Every house is Pucca House



- ▶ Good mobile connectivity with 4G internet
- ▶ School Building
- ▶ Vaikunth Dhammam - For burial and cremation
- ▶ Sanitation- Toilets in every household
- ▶ Ration Shop
- ▶ Separate Dumping yard



# EDUCATION

- Literacy - 58.86%
- Total Students: 140 - 84 boys, 56 girls
- 100% enrollment into Anganwadi
- No drop out
- Pupil teacher ratio of 28:1
- Lack of functioning toilets



- ▶ Scholarship of Rs 1000/- and Rs 1200/-
- ▶ Mid day meal scheme running

## SHORTCOMINGS

- ✓ Shortage of Teacher
- ✓ No Separate kitchen & dining hall
- ✓ No dedicated playground
- ✓ No separate toilet for the teachers
- ✓ No computer lab

## SUGGESTIONS

- ▶ High school
- ▶ ICT infrastructure
- ▶ Teacher training
- ✓ Physical Education (PE)
- ✓ More focus on Extra Curricular Activities





# FLUORIDE ISSUE

- ▶ Early 2000s - fluoride content in the water was 6.5-7 ppm
- ▶ Children suffered dental fluorosis
- ▶ Distribution of Vitamin C tablets, Citrus fruit, aamla
- ▶ Half of the Villagers bought the defluorosis filter
- ▶ Mission Bhagiratha ended the issue
- ▶ 100% piped supply in village

# HEALTH

- One sub-centre
- Two contractual ASHA worker
- 3 Registered Medical Practitioners
- Nearest PHC – 7 km
- 100% institutional deliveries
- Cold and cough are normal seasonal diseases
- Only 4 cases of Dengue, Malaria.
- KCR kit to women after the Delivery



## **SHORTCOMINGS**

- Absence of doctor
- post of ANM is vacant
- lack of specialisation

## **SUGGESTIONS**

- ▶ Increase the number of ASHA workers.
- ▶ Free of cost sanitary napkins.
- ▶ Regular visit of an MBBS doctor.
- ▶ Primary Healthcare Centre in the village.

# PRI

- ▶ Single window for grievance redressal
- ▶ Citizen government interaction
- ▶ Active Women Participation
- ▶ 6 out of 10 ward members are women
- ▶ Collective Decision-making

## Internal resources

- ▶ Water tax and house tax
- ▶ 1.90 lakh rupees

## External resources

- From state and central government
- Rs. 26 lakh



- ▶ Works done under MGNREGA
  - ▶ Construction of fish pond
  - ▶ Clearance of weeds and grass
  - ▶ Plantation drive
  - ▶ Construction of soak pits
  - ▶ Maintenance of Mission Bhagiratha.

## SUGGESTIONS

- ▶ Improve transparency and Accountability
- ▶ Incentivization for better performance
- ▶ Common service centre in GP for digitised services
- ▶ Periodic revision of no. of MPW members

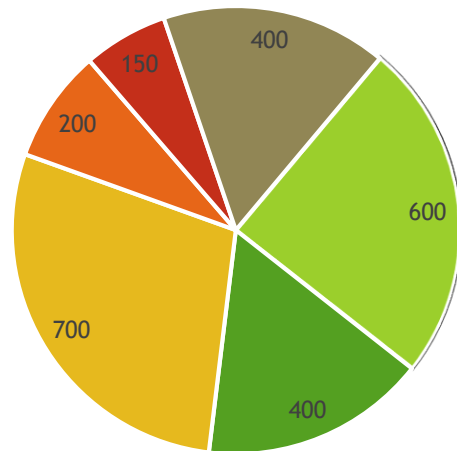


# POVERTY UNEMPLOYMENT & LIVELIHOOD

## BPL criteria in Rural areas:

- ▶ Income < 1.5 lakh.
- ▶ Land < 3.5 Acres in wet regions & 7 Acres in Dry regions.
- ▶ Causes - Landlessness>Illiteracy>Liquor>Lack of Skill

Employment: Livelihood flow analysis



■ Main worker   ■ Marginal   ■ Self cultivator  
■ Agri labor   ■ Self employed   ■ Other worker

## Causes of Poverty – Preference Ranking

Landlessness>Illiteracy>Liquor>Lack of Skill

Sno	Causes	Pallavi	B Yadav	Sujatha	Shailja	Amruth	shankar	Points	Rank
1	Illiteracy	1	2	2	4	3	4	16	II
2	Landless Ness	2	1	3	1	2	2	11	I
3	Low wages	7	7	5	5	8	5	37	VI
4	Inflation	6	9	8	7	7	6	43	VII
5	Indebtedness	8	4	4	8	5	7	36	V
6	No Bread winner	10	8	7	9	9	1	44	VIII
7	Rain fed Agri	9	11	10	6	11	9	56	X
8	Liquor	4	5	6	2	1	3	21	III
9	Immigration	11	10	11	11	10	11	64	XI
10	Improper Implementation of scheme	5	6	9	10	6	10	46	IX
11	Lack of Skill	3	3	1	3	4	8	22	IV



## SUGGESTION

- ▶ Diversification of livelihood opportunities
- ▶ Training and skill development
- ▶ Increasing the number of MGNREGA days
- ▶ Add agricultural labour under MGNREGA.
- ▶ Timely payment under MNREGA



# POVERTY ALLEVIATION PROGRAMME

## ▶ MGNREGA

- ❑ Nursery, Drying Platforms, Minor Irrigation

## ▶ Wage creation Schemes

- ❑ Self Help Group (Sangam)
- ❑ 44 groups, Total women involved- 566

## ▶ Public Distribution system

- ❑ BPL card holders & Antyodaya card holders
- ❑ Free grains and sugar

## ▶ Housing Schemes

- ❑ Double bed room scheme of Telangana govt

# SWACHH BHARAT MISSION

- ▶ ODF+ village
- ▶ Door to door waste collection
- ▶ Last one-year - construction of 50 toilets
- ▶ 2 dustbins distributed in each household
- ▶ Well aware of benefits of cleanliness, hygiene and sanitation
- ▶ Significant participation of women
- ▶ Vermi composting facility
- ▶ Arrangement for segregation of different wastes like plastics, metals, glasses & organic waste



## SHORTCOMINGS

Drains are not covered

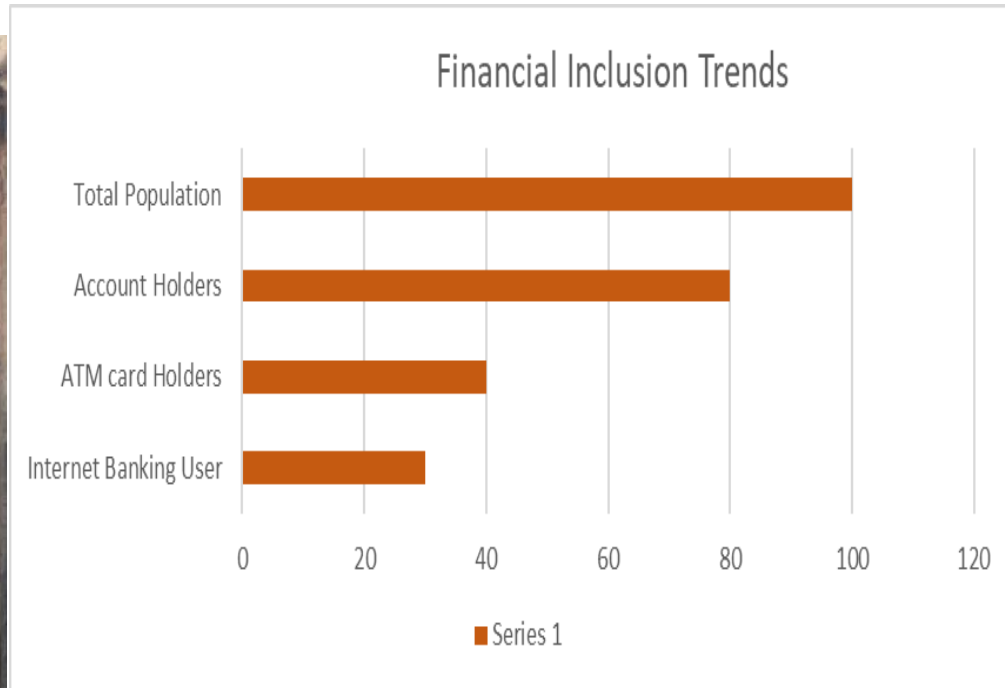


## SUGGESTIONS BY THE RESIDENTS

- ▶ Complete ban on polythene bags by Gram Panchayat.
- ▶ Competition among wards for cleanliness and hygiene practices to encourage more residents participation in swachta campaign.
- ▶ Villagers & HH shall be awarded for best practices

# FINANCIAL LITERACY CAMPAIGN

- ▶ One SBI Business Correspondent in village
- ▶ Deposit, withdrawal, mini statement, fund transfer & Insurance.
- ▶ 2000 bank account holders & 600 ATM Card users.
- ▶ 40% aware of digital payments through BHIM app, QR code.
- ▶ Every Household is receiving Direct Benefit transfer
- ▶ 20% default on loan repayments



## **MAJOR FINDINGS**

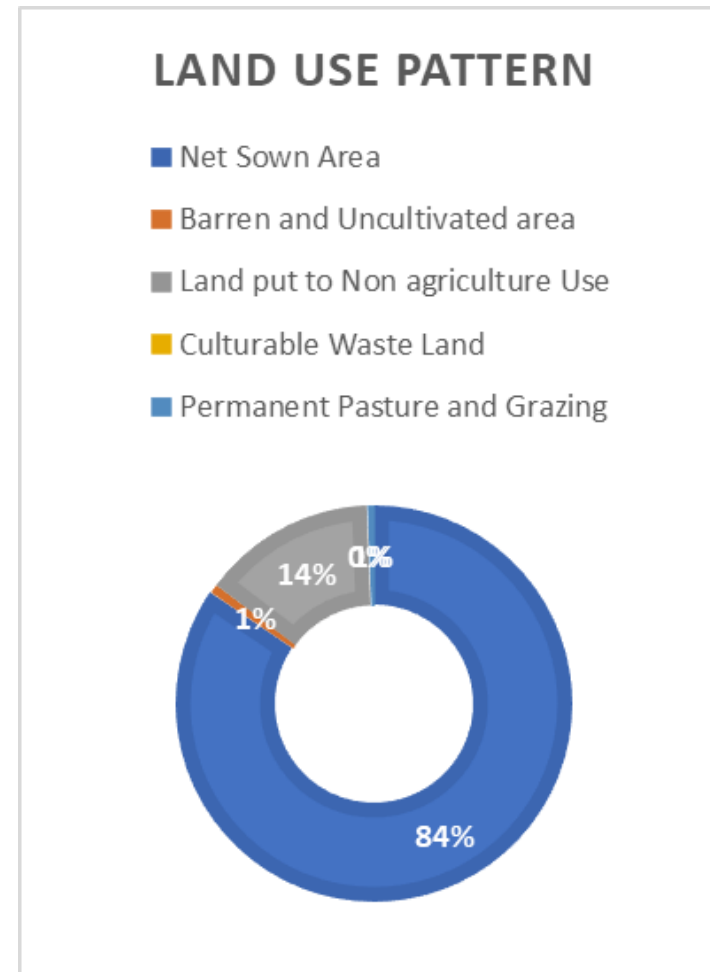
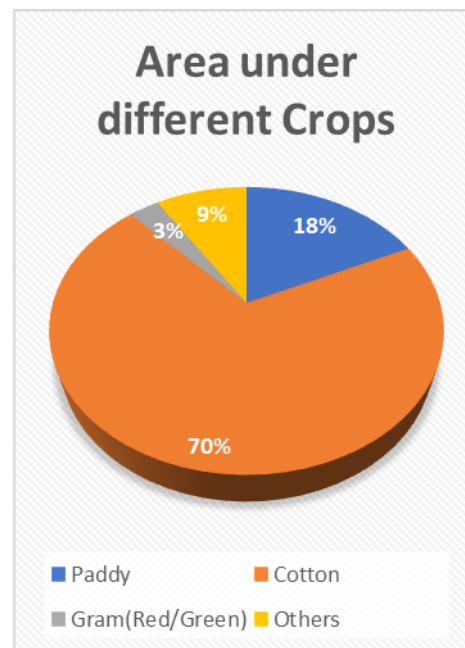
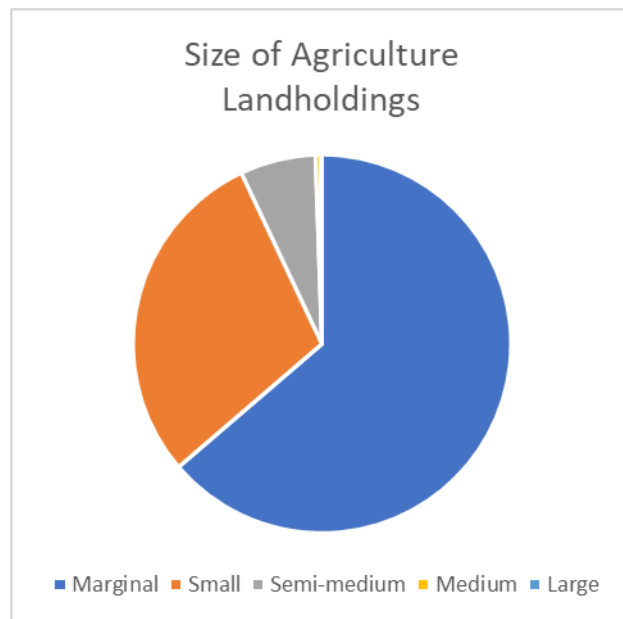
- ▶ No bank branch in the Village
- ▶ Poor household still borrows from Moneylenders
- ▶ 100 bank accounts opened; 60 by the women
- ▶ Institutional credit facilities available

## **PROPOSED SUGGESTIONS**

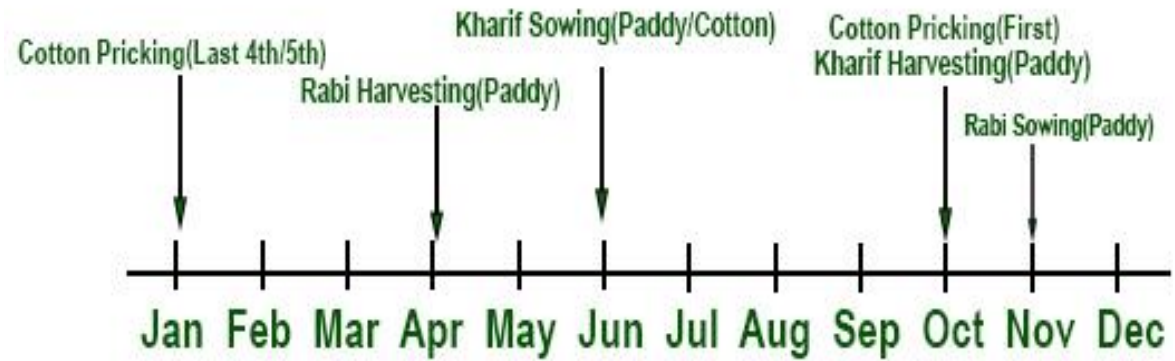
- ▶ Create awareness among children regarding digital payments
- ▶ Encourage children to open a bank account.
- ▶ Organise “account opening camps” more frequently.
- ▶ Videos on financial literacy and conduct quizzes in the class

# AGRICULTURE AND LAND REFORMS

- 1181 agriculture farmers
- 350-400 people involved in livestock
- 800 beneficiary of farmers loan via local bank
- 4 dugwells and 211 tube well
- large poultry sheds with 21439 chicken.
- Toddy Tapping
- Avg rainfall 745 mm



## Major Crop Paddy & cotton







# PALLE PRAKRUTHI VANAM

- Area Covered- 1 Acres
- Plantation- 4022 trees
- Trees Planted- Eucalyptus, Guava, Papaya, Tamarind



# PROCESS OF SOCIAL CHANGE



# THANK YOU

