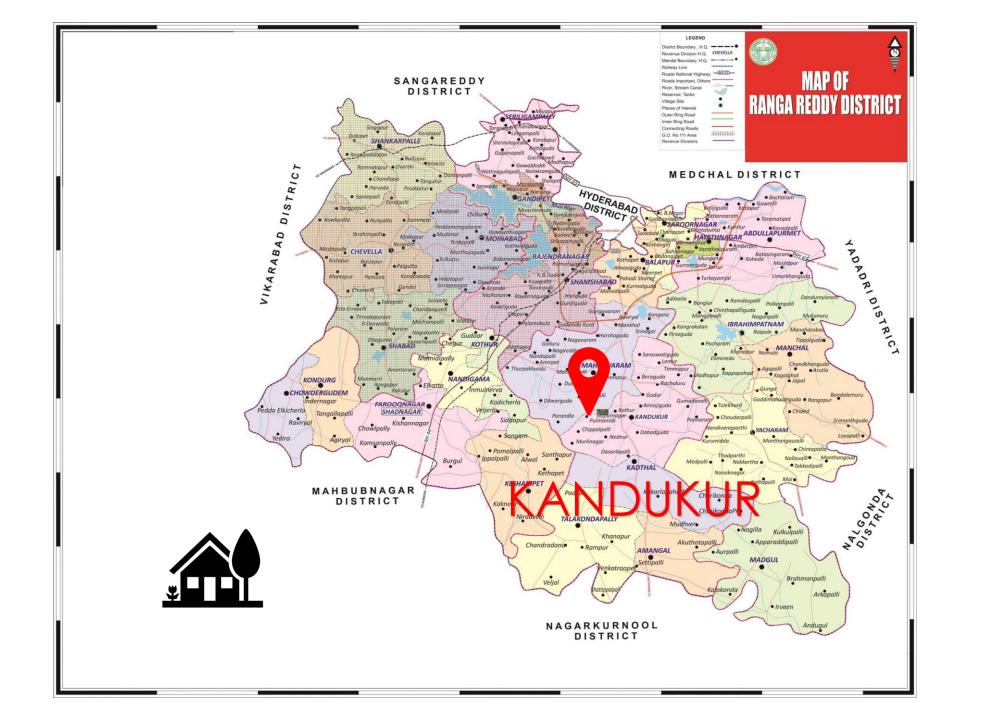


Group Members

- Shri Gaurav Meena, IDSE (GL)
- Shri Mayank Gupta, IPS (Addl GL)
- Shri Mayank Negi, IPTAFS
- Shri Anurag Tiwari, IFoS
- Shri Moti Ur Rehman, IPS







VILLAGE AT A GLANCE



VILLAGE AT A GLANCE

• Area 2975 Acres

Population
 1926 (Male 1012, Female 914)

• Sex Ratio 903

Households568

• % SC Population 36.44%

• % ST Population 1%

Literacy
 63.44% (Men 75.05% Women 52.57%)

AGRICULTURAL SNAPSHOT









AGRICULTURAL SNAPSHOT

Total Agricultural land
 2147 Acre

Total Cropped Area
 460 Acre

Total Net Area sown
 430 Acre

Major Crops (3 Crops)

1. Paddy 152 Acre

2. Maize 45 Acre

3. Fruits and Veg 118 Acre

• No of Tanks 06

No. of Tube Wells341

Area under Tube Wells 445 Acre





TIMELINE



1900s: Hanuman Temple was built



1998:
Mining
lease
granted in
Melagudur



1940: Village Landmark "Burzu" was built as citadel



2005-06: 1st Venture established & ZPHS built



1970: Primary School constructe d



2007: Health Sub-Centre established



1980: Village connected to Srisailam Highway

 $(\!\!\mathbf{A}\!\!\!\!/)$



2017:
Reliance
Jio tower
established
and CCTV
installed



1989: Mosque constructed

2022: Lord Sri Venkateshw ara Swamy temple built

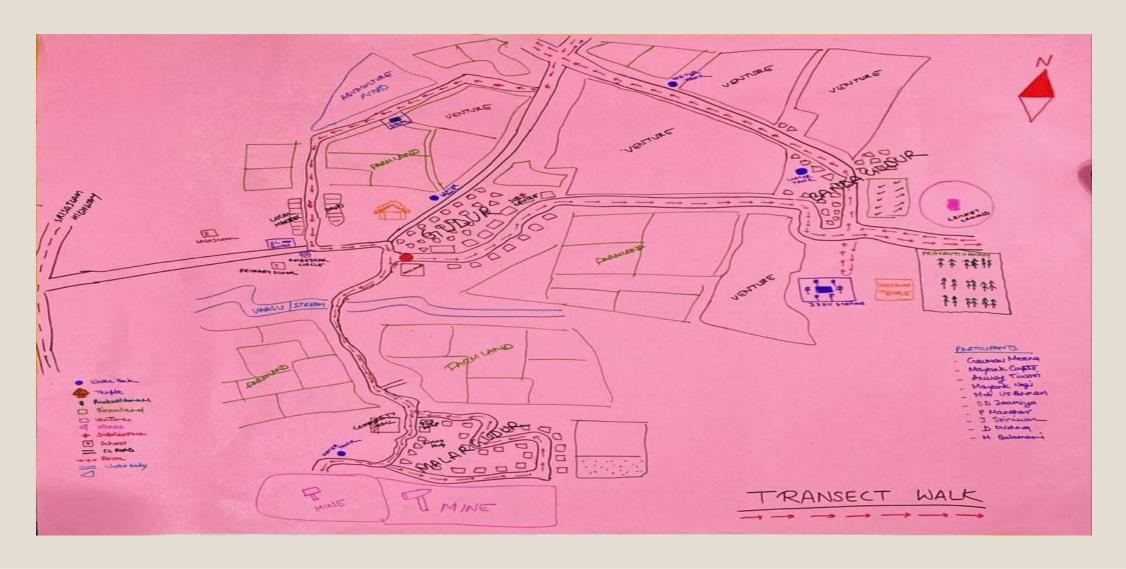
PRA EXERCISES/TOOLS

- Contact with the people and mobilization
- Transect Walk
- Time Line
- Social Mapping
- Resource Mapping
- Problem Preference Ranking
- Impact Flow Analysis
- Village Community & Institutions: Chapati or Venn Diagrams

PRA Exercises at work



TRANSECT WALK



General Observations during Transect Walk

- Caste based segregation
- > Wealth Inequality
- > Significant present of community halls and temples
- > Village have CC roads, local market, underground sewage system etc
- ➤ For drinking water, RO plants were there. Active works under Mission Bhagirathi to provide piped drinking water (~65%)
- Large presence of ventures (diversion of agricultural land to real estate)
- > Palle Prakruthi Vanam: Impact of Haritha Haram

Contd...

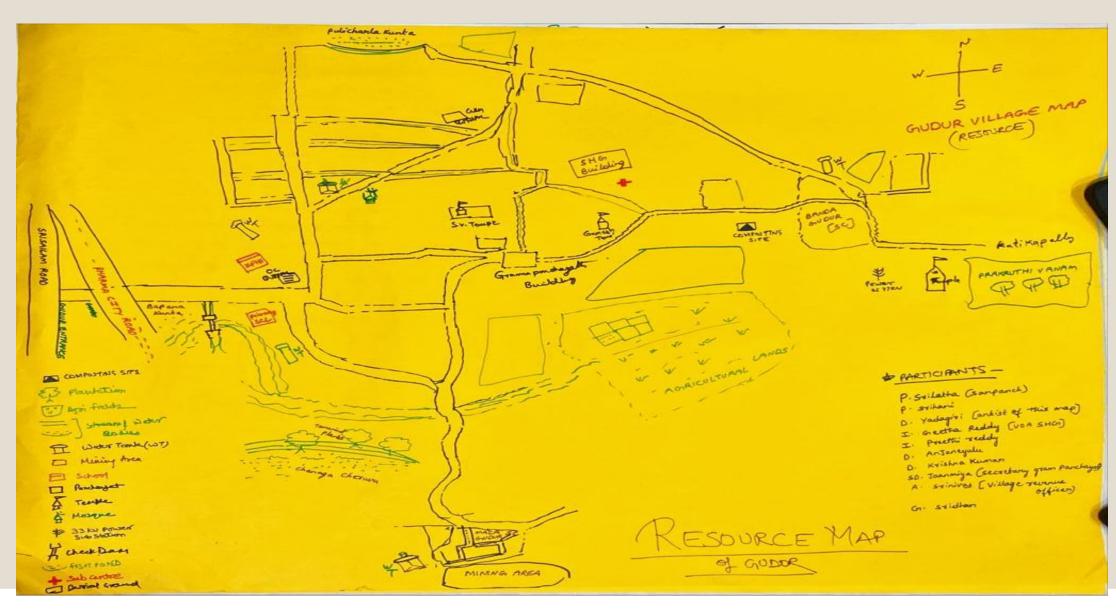
- Basic education and health facilities present
- ➤ Better irrigation facilities and 24*7 electricity to the farmers (Substation of 33/11 KVA capacity)
- Lack of proper primary health care centre and dependence on Registered Medical Practitioner from Rahachuloor village
- ➤ Low incidence of crime no heinous crime/dacoity in past 3-4 years
- Open dumping of solid waste issue of waste management



SOCIAL MAPPING



RESOURCE MAPPING



PROBLEM PREFERENCE RANKING

Persons Problems	Saraswati	Balakris hna	Rajlaksh mi	Mohan	Naga	V.Reddy	Rewathi	Uday	Vijaya	Total	Rank
Water	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	12	1
Health PHC	3	4	4	5	4	3	6	3	4	37	4
Veterinary Health	8	5	6	9	7	8	5	5	6	59	5
Liquor	9	9	3	8	6	7	8	7	8	65	9
Unemployment	7	6	9	4	5	9	4	6	9	59	5
Mining	6	7	8	6	9	2	7	9	7	61	7
Education	4	3	5	3	2	5	3	4	3	32	3
Grievanc e handling	5	8	7	7	8	6	9	8	5	63	8
Landlessness	2	2	1	2	3	4	1	2	1	19	2

VILLAGE COMMUNITY & INSTITUTIONS: CHAPATI DIAGRAM



Places Visited with Key Findings

- SCHOOLS
- AANGANWADI
- SUB CENTRE
- PRAKRITI VANAM
- MINE
- ONGOING WORKS
- COMPOST YARD
- INTERACTION WITH MAGINALISED HOUSEHOLDS















SCHOOLS

PRIMARY SCHOOL

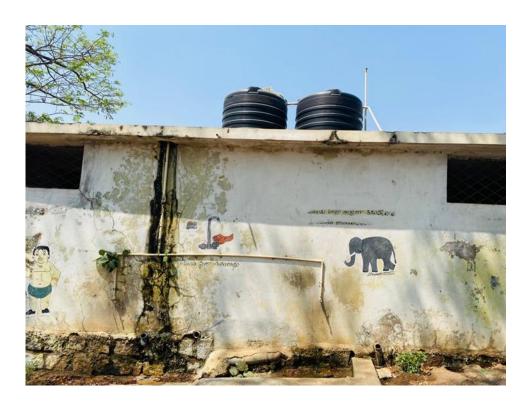
- Enrolment 118 children (Present- 108)
- 4 teachers for 5 classes
- Combining classes 3 & 4
- School building was in dilapidated condition
- Separate toilets were available but dirty
- Most to the students ~90% are from SC,BC,ST
 & minority community
- No focus on extra curricular activities
- Learning outcome- 4th standard students were able to read and write properly, can add but were facing problems in multiplication











SECONDARY SCHOOL

- Enrolment 126
- Separate teachers available for each subject
- No focus on extra curricular activities, games and PT.
- No focus on digital infrastructure
- Compound wall was absent, physical infra was poor
- Toilets were not clean
- Midday meal was being cooked on firewood (Gas stove was not available)
- Learning outcomes- Students were having adequate knowledge and confidence in curricular subjects.





Aanganwadi

- 3 Nos of aanganwadi were there for implementation of ICDS Scheme
- Average enrolment- 25 children, 11 P&L females
- The AWW was cheerful and motivated
- Registers and growth records were properly maintained
- Good quality packed fortified food and cooked
- Food was being provided to children
- No children were suffering from malnutrition





- Take home ration and immunisation for P&L
- Gas stove was being used for cooking

DEFICIENCIES-

- Aanganwadi room was in bad condition
- No separate room for storage of food
- Toys were not available for children
- Walls were dirty and not painted with children friendly images





SUBCENTRE

- Available Staff 1 ANM & 5 ASHA
- The Sub centre is catering the needs of 6 villages
- Total footfall ~10-15/day
- Basic medicines and instruments are available at the subcentre
- Subcentre is actively working for implementing RCH and
- Is implementing mission Indradhanush, JSY, NCD prevention
- The infrastructure is not according to the IPHS guidelines. The Subcentre is functioning in a single room.
- The nearest referral centre in PHC, Kundukur which is 7 kms away
- Vehicle for referral is not availbale





PRAKRITI VANAM

- Under Harita haram project Prakriti vanam was developed in the village
- Mixed varieties of plants including guava, pomegranate,
 flowering plants etc were densely planted there.
- Apart from some weed infestation the prakriti vanam was maintained properly
- A harita haram nursery was supporting the vanam.





COMPOST YARD

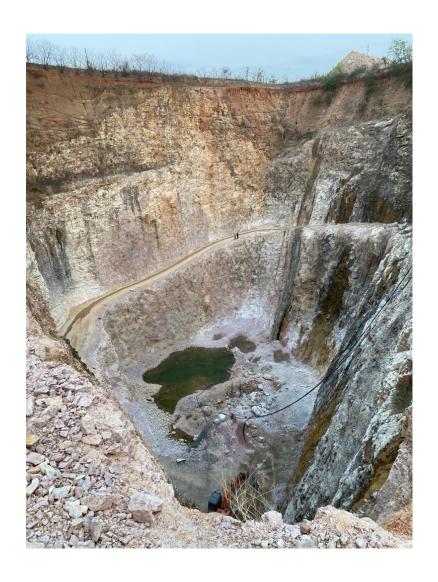
- One waste segregation cum composting yard was made under MGNREGA @ the cost of Rs 3 lakhs
- It is not being used because of some logistical issues
- The waste is being dumped at a nearby landfill
- The compost yard looks like inadequate to fulfil the demand of village.





MINING

- Quartz and Feldspar mining is going on in
 Melargudur hamlet of the village
- No safety measures were present at the mining site
- The depth of the mine was beyond the permissible limit
- Explosions led tremors & vibrations are causing damage to the nearby houses



ONGOING WORKS

UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE-

- Stormwater drainage is being made in the village to prevent flooding and proper drainage of wastewater
- MLALADS fund is being used for this purpose

CC ROAD CONSTRUCTION

 Road is being constructed in Balagudur village using MGNREGA





INTERACTION WITH POOR & MARGINALISED HOUSEHOLDS



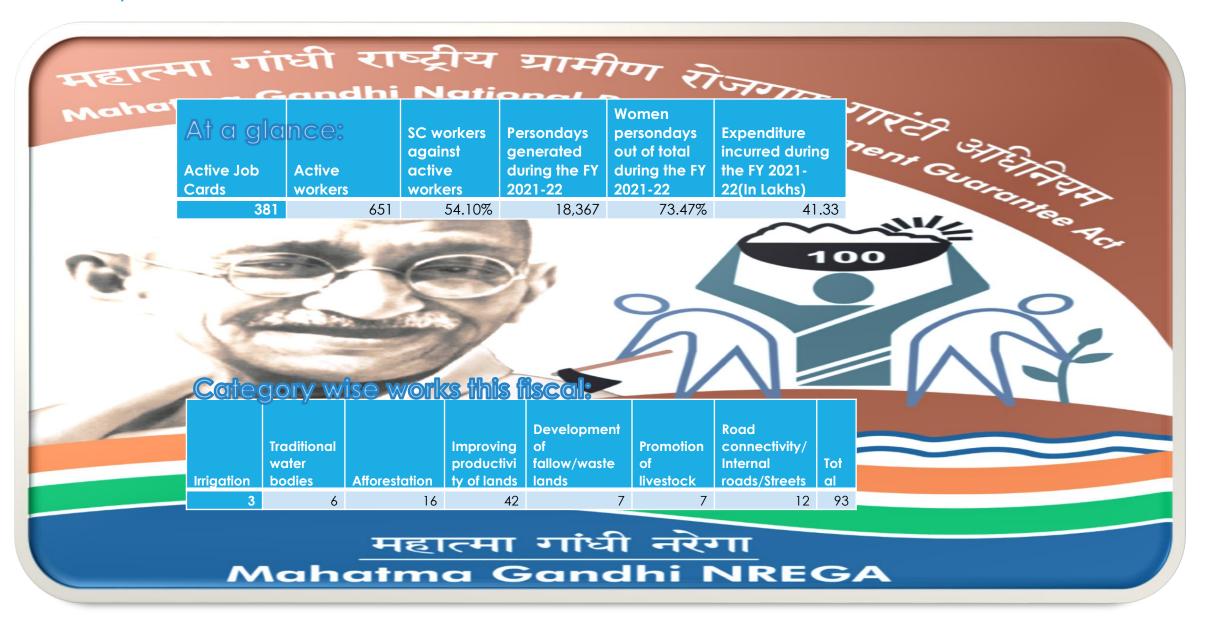


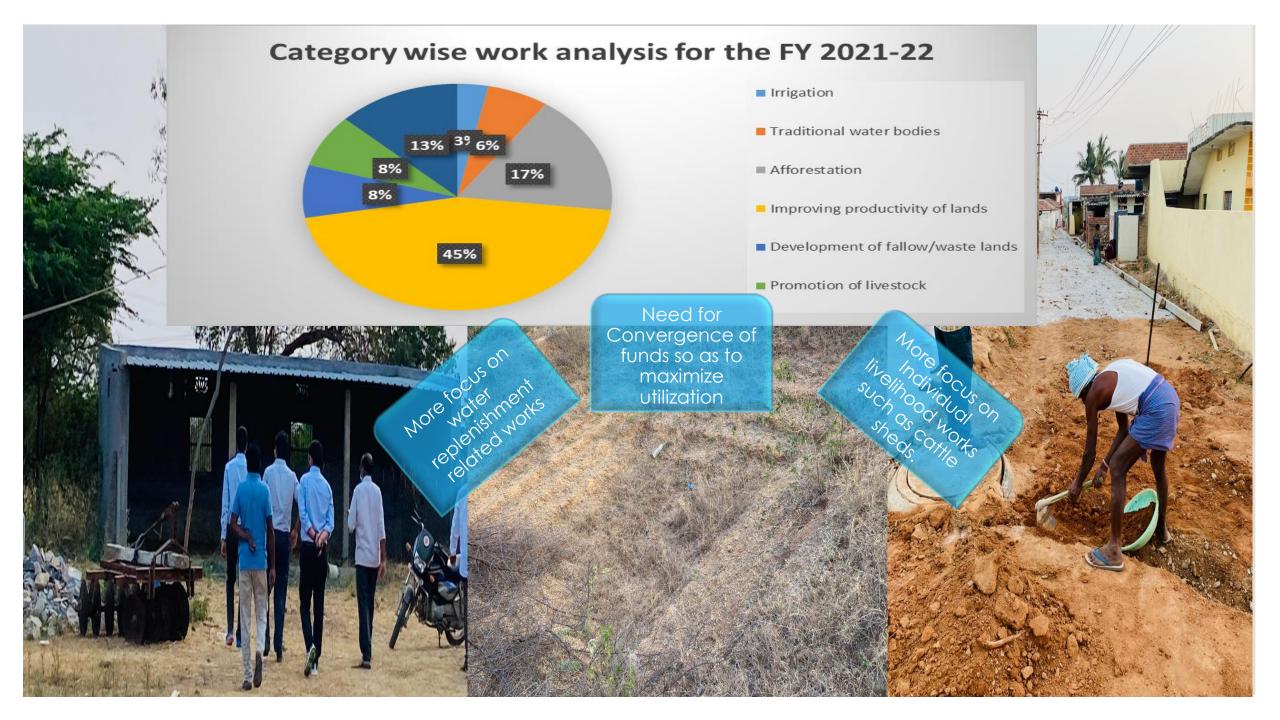


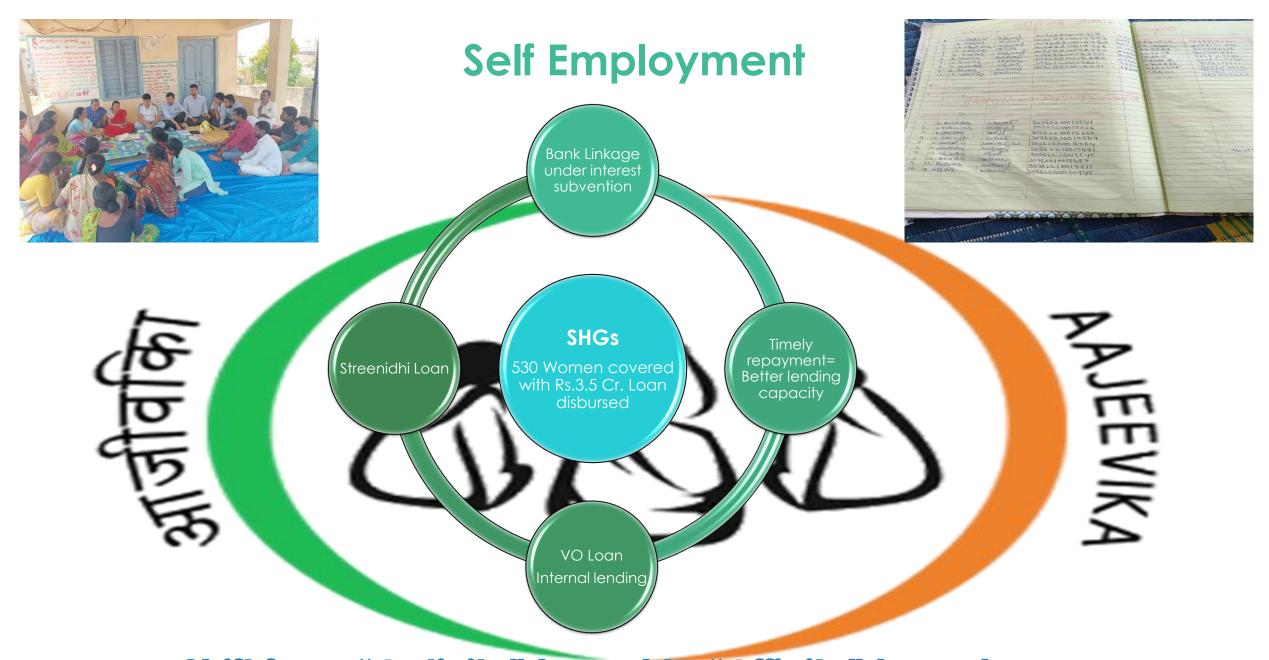
IMPLEMENTATION OF SCHEMES

- MGNREGS
- SHG
- RAYTU BANDHU
- SWACCH BHARAT
- MISSION INDRADHANUSH
- JSY JSSK
- MISSION BHAGIRATHI

Implementation of Schemes:







Shift from "Activity" based to "Affinity" based groups



BM

- Panchayat declared ODF
- 362 IHHL built from SBM funds
- Gaps through **MGNREGS**
- SLWM works undertaken: Soak Pits, waste segregation plant etc.



- Full immunization
- Data of target children being maintained

Bane

- Total of 697 farmers with support of Rs. 92,33,884 in Kharif season
- Total of 688 farmers with support of Rs. 92,65,384 in Rabi season



- 100% institutional deliveries
- Awareness of benefits of scheme
- Availability of basic medicines.



Bhagiratha



- 2023 is the target year to ensure coverage for all
- Current status is approx. 60% coverage





- Food quality was good.
- Issue of non payment of salary of workers for the past 6 months

Indradhanush

SUGGESTIONS

- Primary school building infrastructure should be improved or new buildings can be made. A dedicated sanitation worker shall be employed for both primary and high school to upscale sanitation.
- 2. Secondary school lacks digital infrastructure like:- no computer labs was there. Lab facility for Physics, Chemistry, Biology can also be provided. Apart from that there should be a focus on extracurricular activities in the school.
- 3. The Sarpanch is a woman but all the decisions are being taken by her husband. This culture of Pradhan pati shall be stopped.
- 4. Water conservation should be stressed as the water table in the village is declining and the village is moving toward a water crisis.
- 5. The unscientific mining in the Melargudur hamlet needs to be stopped.
- 6. To promote Sports Education PET teachers should be appointed in secondary school.
- 7. Boundary Walls of secondary school can be constructed for safety purposes.

- 8. Number of supporting staff at the primary health subcentre can be increased. The infrastructure of the Sub center needs to be upgraded.
- 9. Enrolment of students in govt schools can be increased by improving the infrastructure of the school.
- 10. Migration of people to cities can be reduced by creating more employment opportunities in the village by better utilization of NRLM and MGNREGA.
- 11. Banking facilities in the village should be opened in the village to enable multidimensional financial inclusion
- 12. Cold storage and grain storage facility needs to be developed so farmers can get best price for their horticulture and agriculture produce.
- 13. Scientific agriculture practices can be made easily accessible to villages by increasing agricultural extension services and enhancing the frequency of expert visits to the village.

THANK YOU

QUESTIONS ??